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(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

SEMESTER-IV

Nai	ne of the Course	NUMERICAL METHODS
Cou	ırse Code: BS-M401	Semester: Fourth
L-T	C-P-C: 2-0-0-2	Contact: 2 hrs/week
Objectives:		
1	To understand different numeri	cal methods required to solve engineering problems.
2	To familiarize with numerical so	lution of equations, finite differences and interpolation.
3	To expose with numerical sol	utions of linear, non-linear and ordinary differential
	equations.	
Pre-Requisite: Mathematics (10+2)		

M#	Content	Hrs
1	Approximation in numerical computation: Truncation and rounding errors, Fixed	11
	and floating-point arithmetic, Propagation of errors.	
	Interpolation: Newton forward/backward interpolation, Lagrange's and Newton's	
	divided difference Interpolation.	
	Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Expression for	
	corresponding error terms.	
2	Numerical solution of a system of linear equations:	9
	Gauss elimination method, Matrix inversion, LU Factorization method, Gauss-	
	Seidel iterative method.	
	Numerical solution of Algebraic equation: Bisection method, Regula-Falsi	
	method, Newton- Raphson method. Solution of nonlinear algebraic equations	
3	Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation: Iterative methods for	6
	solving differential equations: Euler's method, Runge-Kutta methods, Predictor-	
	Corrector methods and Finite Difference.	

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students should able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the use of interpolation methods to find intermediate values in given graphical and/or tabulated data.
- 2. Apply appropriate algorithms to solve selected problems, both manually and by writing computer programs.
- 3. Analyze the errors obtained in the numerical solution of problems.
- 4. Compare different algorithms with respect to accuracy and efficiency of solution.
- 5. Assess the reliability of the numerical results and find out the effect of round off error.

- 1. C.Xavier: C Language and Numerical Methods.
- 2. R.S. Salaria, Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, Khanna Publishing House
- 3. Dutta & Jana: Introductory Numerical Analysis.
- 4. J.B.Scarborough: Numerical Mathematical Analysis.

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- 5. Jain, Iyengar, & Jain: Numerical Methods (Problems and Solution).
- 6. Balagurusamy: Numerical Methods, Scitech.
- 7. Baburam: Numerical Methods, Pearson Education.
- 8. N. Dutta: Computer Programming & Numerical Analysis, Universities Press.
- 9. Soumen Guha & Rajesh Srivastava: Numerical Methods, OUP.
- 10. Srimanta Pal: Numerical Methods, OUP.

Nar	ne of the Course	DIGITAL ELECTRONICS & INTEGRATED CIRCUITS
Course Code: ES-EC401		Semester: Fourth
L-T	-P-C: 3-0-0-3	Contact: 3 hrs/week
Objectives:		
1	To acquire the basic knowledge of digital logic levels and application of knowledge to	
	understand digital electronics circuits.	
2	To prepare students to perform the analysis and design of various digital electronic	
	circuits.	
Pre-Requisite: Physics (10+2)		

M#	Content	Hrs
1	Number System & Codes	6
	Number systems: Decimal, binary, octal and hexadecimal number systems,	
	arithmetic operations and their conversions, 1's and 2's complements. Codes:	
	Binary, BCD, excess 3, alphanumeric, EBCDIC and gray codes, code	
	conversions, error detecting and error correcting codes.	
2	Boolean Algebra & Logic Gates	6
	Venn diagram, Boolean theorem, Logic Gates, operations, truth tables and	
	universal gates, representation in SOP and POS forms, minimization of logic	
	expressions by algebraic method, K-map and Quine- McClauskey method.	
3	Combinational Logic Circuits	8
	Half and Full Adders, Half and Full Subtractors, Binary parallel Adder,	
	Composite Adder, Carry look ahead Adder, BCD Adder, Applications and	
	circuits of Decoder, Encoder, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, magnitude	
	comparator and Parity Generator, Implementation of combinational logic by	
	standard IC's.	
4	Sequential Logic Circuits	8
	S-R latch, J-K flip flop, D & T flip flop, triggering of flip flops,	
	asynchronous inputs, master-slave configuration, conversion and application	
	of flip flops, shift registers, universal shift registers, application of register,	
	asynchronous / ripple counters, synchronous counters, Modulo-N counter,	
	ring and Johnson counter, UpDown counter, preset and load in a counter,	
	typical IC's for counters, State table and state transition diagram, sequential	
	circuits design methodology.	
5	Analog To Digital and Digital To Analog Converters	6
	Analog and digital data conversions, specification of D/A converter, R-2R ladder	

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	type, weighted resistor type, voltage and current mode, switches for D/A converters, high speed sample and hold circuits, specification for A/D converter, flash type, successive approximation type, dual slope type, sigma-delta converter.	
6	Memory Devices & Digital Logic System	6
	Memory Devices: ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, RAM, SRAM, DRAM,	
	Programmable Logic Array (PLA), Programmable Array Logic (PAL), Field	
	Programmable Gate Array (FPGA), implementation of combinational logic	
	circuits using PLA, PAL. Digital Logic System: Logic levels, propagation delay,	
	power dissipation, fan-out and fan-in, IC families and their characteristics -	
	RTL, TTL, ECL, CMOS.	

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students should able to:

- 1. Understand and explain different kinds of logic families.
- 2. Analyze digital circuits and arrive at suitable conclusions.
- 3. Develop digital logic circuits and apply it to solve real life problems.
- 4. Classify and explain the design of different semiconductor memories.
- 5. Design and develop applications of combinational and sequential circuits.
- 6. Engage in self-study to formulate, design, implement, analyze and demonstrate an application of digital electronic circuits.

- 1. S.Salivahanan, S.Aribazhagan, Digital Circuit & Design, 3rd Ed., Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd
- 2. Anand Kumar, Fundamentals of Digital Circuits- PHI
- 3. Rishabh Anand, Digital Electronics- Khanna Publishing House 2019
- 4. A.K.Maini- Digital Electronics- Wiley-India
- 5. Kharate- Digital Electronics- Oxford
- 6. R.P. Jain, "Modern digital Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 2009.
- 7. Schilling & Belove, Digital Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill,
- 8. W.H. Gothmann, "Digital Electronics- An introduction to theory and practice", PHI, 2nd edition ,2006.
- 9. D.V. Hall, "Digital Circuits and Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 1989
- 10. Morries Mano- Digital Logic Design- PHI
- 11. R.P.Jain—Modern Digital Electronics, 2/e, Mc Graw Hill
- 12. H.Taub & D.Shilling, Digital Integrated Electronics- Mc Graw Hill.
- 13. D.Ray Chaudhuri- Digital Circuits-Vol-I & II, 2/e- Platinum Publishers

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Nar	ne of the Course	BIOSENSORS & TRANSDUCERS	
Course Code: PC-BME401		Semester: Fourth	
L-T	-P-C: 3-0-0-3	Contact: 3 hrs/week	
Obj	ectives:		
1	To acquire knowledge about the bio	ological sensors and their working principles.	
2		ing, classification and characteristics of different	
	transducers and their applications i	n medical field.	
3	To understand the physical princ	iples that governs the measurement of a biological	
	variable or system.		
4	To familiarize with the construct	tions and measurement of physiological parameters	
	using sensors and transducers.		
Pre	Pre-Requisite: Physics-I (BS-PH201), Engineering Anatomy & Physiology (PC-BME301)		

M#	Content	Hrs
1	Introduction to Biological Sensors: Sensors / receptors in the human body,	3
	basic organization of nervous system-neural mechanism, hot and cold receptors,	
	barro receptors, sensors for smell, sound and vision.	
2	Transducers principles and Medical applications : Classification of transducers, characteristic of transducers, Resistance temperature detector (RTD), Thermistor, Thermocouple, p-n junction, chemical thermometry, potentiometer, inductive & capacitive transducer, magnetic sensors, Hall effect sensors, variable capacitance pressure transducers, LVDT transducers, strain gauge transducers, semiconductor transducers, p-i-n transducers,	15
	catheter tip transducers, Piezoelectric transducer, LDR, photo-emissive tubes, photodiodes, LED, avalanche photo diode (APD).	
3	Optical Sensor and Radiation Detectors: Principles of optical sensors, optical fiber sensors, indicator-mediated transducers, optical fiber temperature sensors, LASER detector, Proportional counter, Gas-ionisation chamber, Geiger counters, Scintillation detectors.	6
4	Biochemical Transducers : Electrode theory: electrode-tissue interface, metal-electrolyte interface, electrode-skin interface, electrode impedance, Biopotential electrodes: microelectrodes, body surface electrodes, needle electrodes, electrodes for ECG, EEG, and EMG. Reference electrodes: hydrogen electrodes, silver-silver chloride electrodes, Calomel electrodes, Ion electrodes: specific ion electrodes, pH electrode, O2 electrode, CO2 electrode.	10
5	Special Medical Applications of Sensors: Gas sensor, Microbial sensor, electro analytical sensor, Enzyme based sensor Glucose sensor, Electronic nose-halitosis, Advances in sensor technology: Lab-on-a-chip, Smart sensor, MOSFET biosensors, Bio-MEMS and Nano sensor.	6

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Classify sensors and transducers based on functions.
- 2. Explain the working principles of biosensors and transducers.
- 3. Select appropriate transducers for measurements of physical parameters.

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- 4. Analyze various electrical parameters with accuracy and precision.
- 5. Measure physiological parameters and interpret the data.
- 6. Design and develop systems for tailor made applications.

- 1. R. S. Khandpur, "Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. S.C. Cobbold, "Transducers for Biomedical Instruments", Prentice Hall.
- 3. Brown & Gann, "Engineering Principles in Physiology Vol. I", Academic Press.
- 4. Jon Cooper, "Biosensors A Practical Approach" Bellwether Books, 2004.
- 5. Carr & Brown, Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology Pearson Edn, Asia.
- 6. Rao & Guha,"Principles of Medical Electronics & Biomedical Instrumentation", University Press, India.
- 7. Iberall & Guyton, Regulation & Control in Physiological System, Instruments Soc.USA.
- 8. A.V.S. De Renck, "Touch Heat & Pain", Churchill Ltd. London.
- 9. Harry Thomas, "Handbook of Bio medical Instrumentation", Reston, Virginia.
- 10. D. L. Wise, "Applied Bio Sensors", Butterworth, London.

Nai	ne of the Course	BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION	
Course Code: PC-BME402		Semester: Fourth	
L-T	T-P-C: 3-1-0-4	Contact: 4 hrs/week	
Obj	jectives:		
1	To study the instrumentation	concerned with measuring various physiological	
	parameters.		
2		rement, the method of measurement and errors associated	
	with measurement.		
3	To understand the operation, ap	plications and underlying physiological principles	
	associated with medical devices.		
4	To give a complete exposure of	various recording mechanism and to understand the	
	basic principles, working of biomedical instruments.		
Pre-Requisite: Physics-I (BS-PH201), Engineering Anatomy & Physiology (PC-BME301),			
	Biophysics & Biochemistry (PC-BME303)		

M#	Content	Hrs	
1	Introduction to Medical Instrumentation	5	
	Sources of Biomedical Signals, Basic medical Instrumentation system,		
	Performance requirements of medical Instrumentation system, Microprocessors		
	in medical instruments, PC based medical Instruments, General constraints in		
	design of medical Instrumentation system, Regulation of Medical devices.		
2	Measurement, Display & Recording Systems	15	
	Units and standards of measurements, systematic and random error, accuracy and		

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	precision index, linearity, hysteresis, threshold, sensitivity, speed of response, fidelity, calibration, digital voltmeter & multimeter, PMMC, MI and dynamometer type instruments, dc potentiometers, AC bridges, general features of ink-jet, thermo-sensitive and optical recorders, CRT, General purpose oscilloscope, Dual trace, Dual beam, Sampling oscilloscope, Digital storage oscilloscope, Function generator.	
3	Biosignal Measurement Systems Biosignals characteristics, frequency and amplitude ranges, ECG- Einthoven's triangle, standard 12 lead system, Principles of vector cardiography, ECG block diagram and circuits. Evoked potential, EEG-10-20 electrode system, unipolar, bipolar and average mode, EEG bio-feedback instrumentation. EMG-unipolar and bipolar mode, EMG bio-feedback instrumentation, Recording of EOG, Blood ERG, EGG, PCG & GSR.	12
4	Bioamplifier & Signal Conditioning Circuits Bio-amplifier and its characteristics, single ended bio-amplifier, differential bio- amplifier, Impedance matching circuit, isolation amplifiers-transformer and optical isolation, isolated DC amplifier and AC carrier amplifier, Power line interference, Right leg driven ECG amplifier, Band pass and notch filtering, data acquisition system.	11
5	Patient Monitoring Systems & Biotelemetry Introduction to patient monitoring system, selection of parameters, computerized patient monitoring system, bedside and central monitoring system, heart rate monitor, pulse rate monitor, Holter monitor and Cardiac stress test, Cardiac catheterization instrumentation, phonocardiography, Organization and equipments used in ICCU & ITU.	9

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students should able to:

- 1. Measure various electrical parameters with accuracy, precision, resolution.
- 2. Illustrate and explain the mode of operation of various instrument and its medical applications.
- 3. Demonstrate and adjust the technical factors of the instruments.
- 4. Understand electrical safety and the ability to design relevant protection systems.
- 5. Analyze and interpret the static and dynamic characteristics of bioinstrumentation systems
- 6. Identity and solve the problem and servicing the instrument properly.

- 1. R. S. Khandpur "Handbook of Bio-Medical Instrumentation", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. J.J.Carr & J.M.Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology" Pearson Education, Asia.
- 3. Cromwell, Weibell & Pfeiffer, "Biomedical Instrumentation & Measurement", Prentice Hall, India
- 4. Joseph Bronzino, "Biomedical Engineering and Instrumentation", PWS Engg., Boston.

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- 5. J.Webster, "Bioinstrumentation", Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Joseph D.Bronzino, "The Biomedical Engineering handbook", CRC Press.

Nar	ne of the Course	ANALYTICAL AND DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENTS
Cou	rse Code: PC-BME403	Semester: Fourth
L-T	C-P-C: 3-0-0-3	Contact: 3 hrs/week
Obj	ectives:	
1	To familiarize the students	with the principles and applications various analytical and
	diagnostic instruments.	
2	To expose the students to the diagnostic features of medical devices used routinely in	
	hospitals.	
3	To impart fundamental knowledge of versatile analytical and diagnostic equipments	
	used in the healthcare syste	m.
Pre-Requisite: Physics-I (BS-PH201), Engineering Anatomy & Physiology (PC-BME301).		

M#	Content	Hrs	
1	Clinical Equipments	10	
	Principles of photometric measurement, Radiation sources, Optical filters,		
	Colorimeter, Spectrometer, Design of Monochromators, Flame photometer,		
	Atomic absorption spectrophotometer, Automated biochemical analyzer-Auto		
	analyzer, Electromechanical analyzer-Chromatographs, Microscopes, Scanning		
	Electron Microscope, Transmission Electron Microscope, Centrifuge-principles		
	and applications.		
2	Blood Gas Analyzers and Oximeters	7	
	Blood pH measurement, Blood pCO2 measurement, Blood pO2 measurement,		
	complete blood gas analyzer, Fiber optic based blood gas sensors, Oximetry,		
	Principles of oximetric measurements, Ear oximeter, Pulse oximeter,		
	Intravascular oximeter.	_	
3	Blood Cell Counters and Blood Pressure Measurement	7	
	Blood cell counters, optical method-Flow Cytometry, electrical impedance		
	method-Coulter Counters, automatic recognition and differential counting of		
	cells, blood pressure measurement, indirect method-auscultatory & oscillatory,		
	automated indirect method, direct method-electronic manometer, pressure		
1	amplifiers, systolic, diastolic and mean detector circuit.	(
4	Blood Flow and Cardiac Output Measurement	6	
	Electromagnetic blood flow meter, Ultrasonic blood flow meter-Transit time and		
	Doppler blood flow meter, Cardiac output measurement-Dye dilution, thermal		
5	dilution and Impedance method.	6	
3	Pulmonary Function Analyzers	0	
	Lung volume and vital capacity, Compliance and related pressure, Spirometer,		
6	Pneumotachometer, impedance pneumograph / plethysmograph, apnea monitor.	4	
0	Endoscopy Basic endoscopic equipments, Fibreoptic instruments and video-endoscopes,	4	
	Accessories-illumination, instrument tips, instrument channels, tissue sampling	I	

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devices, suction traps and fluid-flushing devices, Various endoscopic applications, Maintenance and storage.

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students should able to:

- 1. Classify and explain different types of clinical instruments for medical diagnosis.
- 2. Demonstrate the basic principle of working, mode of operation and various advancements.
- 3. Choose appropriate instruments for specific application and accurate measurement.
- 4. Integrate knowledge of engineering and biology to repair and calibrate the instruments.
- 5. Make measurement, analyze and interpret the results for clinical purposes.
- 6. Exhibit competency in suggesting, designing and offering reliable and optimum solution.

- 1. R. S. Khandpur "Handbook of Bio-Medical Instrumentation", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. J.J.Carr & J.M.Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology" Pearson Education, Asia.
- 3. Cromwell, Weibell & Pfeiffer, "Biomedical Instrumentation & Measurement", Prentice Hall, India
- 4. Joseph Bronzino, "Biomedical Engineering & Instrumentation", PWS Engg Boston.
- 5. J.Webster, "Bioinstrumentation", Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Joseph D.Bronzino, "The Biomedical Engineering handbook", CRC Press.

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Name of the Course		ELECTRIC CIRCUITS AND NETWORK ANLYSIS	
Cou	ırse Code: PE-EE401	Semester: Fourth	
L-T	Г-Р-С: 3-0-0-3	Contact: 3 hrs/week	
Obj	ectives:		
1	To understand the structure a	nd properties of different type of electric circuits and sources.	
2	To learn circuit analysis techniques such as nodal analysis, mesh analysis, theorems,		
	source transformation and several methods to simplify electric networks.		
3	To acquire problem solving skills of electric circuit through the application of		
	techniques and principles of electrical circuit analysis to common circuit problems.		
Pre	Pre-Requisite: Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101), Mathematics (BS-M-102, BS-M202),		
Sign	Signals & Systems in Biomedical Engineering (PC-BME301).		

M#	Content	Hrs
1	Voltage & Current Sources: Current sources: active, passive, dependent, independent, ideal & practical current sources; AC & DC current, AC & DC voltage, Voltage sources: dependent, independent, ideal & practical voltage sources.	6
2	A.C. Fundamentals Sinusoidal voltage and currents, mathematical and graphical representation, concept of cycle period, frequency, instantaneous, peak, average, r.m.s. values, peak and form factor, phase difference, lagging, leading and in phase quantities, phasor representation: Rectangular and polar representation of phasors.	8
3	Resonance Circuits and Coupled Circuits Series and Parallel Resonance, Impedance and Admittance Characteristics, Q-factor, Half-Power Points, Bandwidth, Resonant voltage rise, Transform diagrams, Magnetic Coupling, polarity of coils, polarity of induced voltage, concept of self and mutual inductance, coefficient of coupling, modeling of coupled circuits, Solution of Problems.	10
4	Methods of Analyzing Circuits Concept of Tree, Branch, Tree Link, junctions, Incident matrix, Tie-set matrix, Cut-set matrix, determination of loop current and node voltages, formulation of mesh equation, formulation of node equation, nodal and super nodal analysis, solution of problems with DC and AC sources, analyzing simple biomedical circuits.	
5	Network Theorem and Transient Analysis Network equations: Kirchoff's Voltage Law & Current Law, Superposition Theorem, Thevenin's Theorem, Norton's Theorem, Reciprocity Theorem, Compensation Theorem, Maximum Power Transfer Theorem, Millman's Theorem, Star-Delta transformations, representation of network in time and frequency domain, free and forced responses of RL, RC RLC circuits with DC and AC excitation, applying theorems in biomedical circuits.	10

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students should able to:

1. Apply different techniques for analysis of electrical circuit.

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- 2. Analyze circuits using mesh current and nodal voltage method.
- 3. Analyze and solve transient behavior of the network.
- 4. Analyze RLC circuits and coupled circuits.
- 5. Design resonant circuits for given bandwidth.
- 6. Compute responses of first order and second order networks using time domain analysis.

- 1. Van, Valkenburg.; "Network analysis"; Prentice hall of India, 2000
- 2. Ashaq Husain, Networks and Systems, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi-2019
- 3. Sudhakar, A., Shyammohan, S. P.; "Circuits and Network"; Tata McGraw-Hill New Delhi, 1994
- 4. A William Hayt, "Engineering Circuit Analysis" 8th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education
- 5. AChakrabarty," Circuit Theory Analysis & Synthesis", DhanpatRai
- 6. S P Ghosh, "Circuit Theory and Networks", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 7. Hayt"Engg Circuit Analysis 6/e Tata McGraw-Hill
- 8. D.A.Bell- Electrical Circuits- Oxford
- 9. Skilling H.H.: "Electrical Engineering Circuits", John Wiley & Sons.
- 10. Edminister J.A.: "Theory & Problems of Electric Circuits", McGraw-Hill Co.
- 11. D.Roy Choudhary Networks and Systems, Newage Publications, New Delhi
- 12. Kuo F. F., "Network Analysis & Synthesis", John Wiley & Sons.
- 13. R.A.DeCarlo & P.M.Lin- Linear Circuit Analysis-Oxford
- 14. P.Ramesh Babu- Electrical Circuit Analysis- Scitech
- 15. Roy Choudhury D., "Networks and Systems", New Age International Publishers.
- 16. D.Chattopadhyay and P.C.Rakshit: "Electrical Circuits" New Age

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Name of the Course		ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS	
Cou	rse Code: PE-EE402	Semester: Fourth	
L-T-P-C: 3-0-0-3		Contact: 3 hrs/week	
Obj	Objectives:		
1		about the electrical and electronic measuring instruments and	
	the methods of measu	rement.	
2	To acquire knowledge about the working and operation of various analog and digital		
	signal recording and analysing instruments.		
3	To introduce students with PC based instrumentation and data acquisition system.		
Pre-Requisite: Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)			

M#	Content	Hrs
1	Basic Measurement System	10
	Measurement and generalized measurement system, static and dynamic	
	characteristics, units and standards of measurements, errors analysis, moving	
	iron meters, dynamometer, wattmeter, multimeter, true rms meters, Bridge	
	measurements: Wheatstone Bridge, Kelvin, Wein, Maxwell, Hay, Schering and	
	Anderson Bridge. D.C. and A.C. potentiometers, Measurement of high voltage,	
	Measurement of power in polyphase circuits.	
2	Data Display and Recording System	9
	Electronic multimeter, current measurement with analog electronic instruments,	
	chopper stabilized amplifier for measurement of very low voltage and currents,	
	graphic recorders, Cathode Ray Oscilloscopes- Block Schematic, Principles and	
	applications. Dual Trace and Dual Beam Oscilloscopes, sampling oscilloscope,	
	Digital Storage Oscilloscope.	
3	Signal Generator and Analysis	7
	Function Generators, RF Signal Generators, Sweep Generators, Frequency	
	Synthesizer, Wave Analyzer, Harmonic Distortion Analyzer, Spectrum Analyzer.	
4	Digital Instruments	7
	Comparison of analog & digital techniques, digital voltmeter, mutlimeter,	
	frequency counters and time interval, extension of frequency range, measurement	
	errors.	
5	Data Acquisition Systems	7
	Elements of digital data acquisition system, interfacing of transducers,	
	multiplexing, Computer controlled instrumentation: IEEE 488 Bos. Optical	
	Power Measurement, Optical Time Domain Reflectometer.	

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Explain the working principles and operation of measuring instruments.
- 2. Analyze the performance characteristics of measuring instruments.
- 3. Measure various electrical parameters with accuracy and precision.
- 4. Select appropriate measuring instruments for measuring the specific physical parameters.
- 5. Test and troubleshoot electronic circuits using various measuring instruments.

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6. Propose data acquisition system and transfer data for digital signal processing and analysis.

- 1. Modern Electronic Instrumentation & Measurement Techniques Albert D. Helfrick & William D. Copper, Prentice Hall of India, 2003
- 2. Elements of Electornics Instrumentation & Measurement, Pearson Education 2003
- 3. J.G. Joshi, Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation, Khanna Publishing House, 2019
- 4. Measurement System- Application & Design Ernest O.Doeblin, Tata McGraw Hill 2004.
- 5. Electronic Instrumentation by H. S. Kalsi. 3rd Ed. Tata McGraw-Hill Education
- 6. A Course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation by A.K. Sawhney, Puneet Sawhney, Dhanpati Rai Publication.

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PRACTICAL

Name of the Course		DIGITAL ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS LABORATORY
Course Code: ES-EC491		Semester: Fourth
L-T-P-C: 0-0-2-1		Contact: 2 hrs/week
Objectives:		
1	To introduce students with the working of basic components of digital electronics.	
2	To familiarize students with different Digital ICs corresponding to different logic gates	
3	To familiarize students with the design of sequential and combinational circuits.	
4	To introduce with small counter circuits using simple ICs.	

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Realization of basic gates using Universal logic gates.
- 2. Code conversion circuits- BCD to Excess-3 & vice-versa.
- 3. 4-bit parity generator & comparator circuits.
- 4. Construction of simple Decoder & Multiplexer circuits using logic gates.
- 5. Design of combinational circuit for BCD to decimal conversion to drive 7-segment display using multiplexer.
- 6. Construction of simple arithmetic circuits-Adder, Subtractor.
- 7. Realization of RS-JK & D flip-flops using Universal logic gates.
- 8. Construction of Adder circuit using Shift Register & full Adder.
- 9. Realization of Asynchronous Up/Down counter.
- 10. Realization of Synchronous Up/Down counter.
- 11. Realization of Ring counter & Johnson's counter.
- 12. Mandatory Design and Implementation of Mini Project.

Note: An Institution/College may opt for some other software or hardware simulation wherever possible in place of MATLAB.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Understand the basic of the Digital systems to solve real life problems.
- 2. Explain the application of Digital ICs in the designing circuit.
- 3. Describe, design and analyze sequential and combinational circuits.
- 4. Design various functional circuits using simple ICs.

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Name of the Course		BIOSRNSORS & TRANSDUCERS LABORATORY	
Course Code: PC-BME491		Semester: Fourth	
L-T-P-C: 0-0-2-1		Contact: 2 hrs/week	
Obj	Objectives:		
1	To study and analyze	the theory and practical characteristics of the various	
	transducers for the measure	ment of vital physiological parameters.	
2	To get familiar with the va	rious types of transducers and to study the compatibility for	
	any clinical measurements.		
LIS	LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:		
	1 01 1 1 0		

- 1. Characteristics of temperature sensors: RTD, Thermocouple, P-N junction diode transistor.
- 2. Measurement of displacement: Capacitive transducer, LVDT
- 3. Characteristics of light sensors: LDR, Photodiode, Phototransistor
- 4. Study of load cell with tensile and compressive load
- 5. Measurement of torque using strain gauge transducer
- 6. Study of proximity detector: ultrasonic, IR
- 7. Measurement of respiration rate: Thermistor, Piezoelectric sensors.
- 8. Study of the characteristics of level sensor for saline IV set.
- 9. Study & characterization of Biotransducers: Pressure, Temparature, Humidity
- 10. Study & characterization of Bioelectrodes: ECG, EMG, EEG
- 11. Mandatory Design and Implementation of Mini Project.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Select proper sensors and transducers for measurement of biophysical phenomenon.
- 2. Conduct experiments and analyze the result practically.
- 3. Evaluate and compare the measure data for clinical representation.
- 4. Design and test system for detection of physiological signals.

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Biomedical Engineering

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name of the Course		BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION LABORATORY	
Course Code: PC-BME492		Semester: Fourth	
L-T-P-C: 0-0-2-1		Contact: 2 hrs/week	
Obj	Objectives:		
1	To make students awa	re about the measuring instruments and the methods of	
	measurement routine used	l in the medical field.	
2	To acquaint student with signal acquisition, recording and analysis of physiological		
	parameters.		
3	To familiarize students	with the measuring principles, probable troubleshoot and	
	maintenance of biomedica	al instruments.	

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Power isolation: isolation transformer and DC-DC converters
- 2. Timer circuits: ON delay and OFF delay study
- 3. Characterization of biopotential amplifier for ECG & EMG signals
- 4. Isolation of bio-signal (EMG / ECG)
- 5. Study on ECG lead selection circuits
- 6. ECG processing and analysis
- 7. EMG processing and analysis
- 8. EEG processing and analysis
- 9. PCG processing and analysis / electronic stethoscope
- 10. Detection of QRS component from ECG signals
- 11. Measurement of heart rate using F-V converter
- 12. Mandatory Design and Implementation of Mini Project.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Explain the principle of operation and design background of medical instrument for specific application.
- 2. Make measurement on and interpret data from living systems, and ability to communicate properly.
- 3. Design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.
- 4. Check and calibrate medical instruments at par with standard protocol.

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(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name of the Course		CIRCUITS AND NETWORK LABORATORY	
Cou	rse Code: PE-EE491	Semester: Fourth	
L-T-P-C: 0-0-2-1		Contact: 2 hrs/week	
Obj	Objectives:		
1	To gain the practical kno	wledge about the basic electrical circuits and the circuit	
	theorems.		
2	To understand the transient response of RL, RC and RLC circuits, and transient analysis		
	of AC circuits.		
3	To gain hand on experience in Thevinin & Norton theorem, KVL & KCL, and Super		
	Position Theorems.		

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Characteristics of Series & Parallel Resonant circuits
- 2. Verification of Network Theorems
- 3. Transient Response in R-L & R-C Networks ; simulation / hardware
- 4. Transient Response in RLC Series & Parallel Circuits & Networks; simulation/hardware
- 5. Determination of Impedance (Z), and Admittance (Y) parameters of networks.
- 6. Frequency response of LP and HP filters
- 7. Frequency response of BP and BR filters
- 8. Generation of periodic, exponential, sinusoidal, damped sinusoidal, step, impulse, and ramp signals using MATLAB
- 9. Representation of Poles and Zeros in z-plane, determination of partial fraction expansion in z-domain and cascade connection of second-order systems using MATLAB
- 10. Determination of Laplace Transform, different time domain functions, and Inverse Laplace Transformation using MATLAB
- 11. Spectrum analysis of different signals /Analysis of simple biomedical signals.
- 12. Mandatory Design and Implementation of Mini Project.

Note: An Institution / college may opt for some other hardware or software simulation wherever possible in place of MATLAB

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Generate various signals, represent poles and zeros, determine partial functions and cascade connection using software tools / simulation kits.
- 2. Characterize Series and Parallel Resonant circuits, and validate network theorems.
- 3. Design Transient Response in R-L & R-C Networks and Transient Response in RLC Series & Parallel Circuits & Networks.
- 4. Determine Laplace transform, different time domain functions and inverse Laplace.

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Biomedical Engineering

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name of the Course		ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC
		MEASUREMENTS LABORATORY
Course Code: PE-BME492		Semester: Fourth
L-T-P-C: 0-0-2-1		Contact: 2 hrs/week
Obj	Objectives:	
1	To acquire knowledge of	internal structure of electrical and electronic measuring
	instruments and calibrate	different types of ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter and
	single phase AC energy meter.	
2	To gain knowledge about t	he measuring of low resistance, inductance and capacitance
	using DC and AC Bridges.	

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Instrument workshop- observe the construction of PMMC, Dynamometer, Electro thermal and Rectifier type instrument, Oscilloscope and digital multimeter
- 2. Calibrate moving iron and electrodynamometer type ammeter/volmeter by potentiometer
- 3. Calibrate dynamometer type Wattmeter by potentiometer
- 4. Calibrate A.C. energy meter
- 5. Measure the resistivity of material using Kelvin Double Bridge
- 6. Measurement of Power using Instrument transformer
- 7. Measurement of Power in Polyphase circuits
- 8. Measurement of Frequency by Wien Bridge using Oscilloscope
- 9. Measurement of Inductance by Anderson Bridge
- 10. Measurement of Capacitance by De Sauty Bridge
- 11. Measurement of Capacitance by Schering Bridge
- 12. Mandatory Design and Implementation of Mini Project.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1. Identify various measuring equipment/meters and to evaluate their performance.
- 2. Measure Resistance, Inductance, Capacitance, Frequency, Voltage, Current, Power and Energy.
- 3. Demonstrate variety of practical electrical circuits and conduct experiments to analyze and interpret data.
- 4. Prepare graphical presentations of laboratory data and computational results, incorporating standard data analysis methods to develop technically sound reports of outcomes.